Evolution of Postal Markets in Europe

Workshop organised by Assonime:

La trasformazione digitale nel settore postale e l'impatto sui modelli di business: corrispondenza, consegna pacchi, servizi di prossimità

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Who is WIK?

- WIK ('Scientific institute for infrastructure and communication services')
 - Independent research institute, owned by the German government
 - > ~ 40 consultants/researchers
 - 35 years of experience with economic regulation and sector policies
 - Telecommunications, postal, transportation
 - Economics for the digital economy
- WIK-Consult is a 100% subsidiary of WIK
 - Consultancy specialised in regulated industries, founded in 2001

Postal practice

- Regular scientific research on postal policy since 35 years
- Many postal studies for the European Commission since 2002
- Studies, advice, and research for regulators in many European countries, the USA, Middle East, and Australia
- Research, studies, advice and expert opinions for postal operators in many European countries
- Postal statistics for operators, regulators, associations

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Current Isues for Postal Policy

State of Play Market Segments: Legal vs Commercial

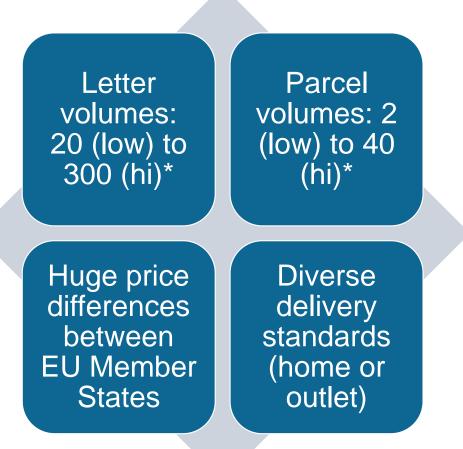
Postal market segments (EU)

- Letters
 - Correspondence
 - Bulk/Transactional
 - Advertising
 - Registered and insured letters
- Newspapers and periodicals
- Small packets (<2kg)
- Standard Parcels
- Express Parcels

Activities of EU postal operators

- Letters
- Packets
- Parcels
 - Express Parcels
 - Freight Forwarding
 - Logistics
 - Financial Services
 - Retail Services
 - Hybrid Mail
 - Digital Communication

State of Play Very Diverse Delivery Markets in the EU



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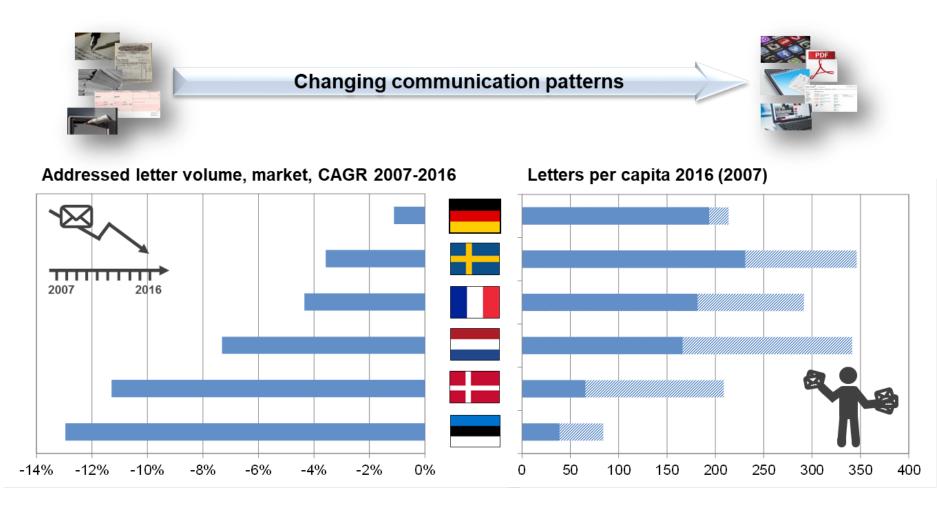
* Annual per capita volumes (WIK estimate, 2014)

State of Play **Different Market Structures**

Different players deliver	 Incumbent posts Integrators (UPS, DHL, FedEx) Parcel networks (DPD/GeoPoste, DHL Parcel, GLS) Retailers (Hermes, Yodel, Mondial Relais, Amazon) Local couriers
Monopolistic letter markets	 Letter markets dominated by incumbents Some competition in DE, ES, IT, NL, SE Increasing inter-modal competition with digital communication Large letters increasingly important to e-commerce (low-value goods), including imports from Asia
Diverse parcel market structures	 Parcel markets generally have several players with strong market shares (oligopolies) Incumbent posts not necessarily dominant Strong growth due to e-commerce
Imports through UPU systems	 UPU traditionally organised exchange of communications, remuneration for delivery below cost for most EU operators Increasingly becoming systems for import of low-value e-commerce from Asia, at rates below cost Financial burden on incumbent posts. Change at UPU expected 2019

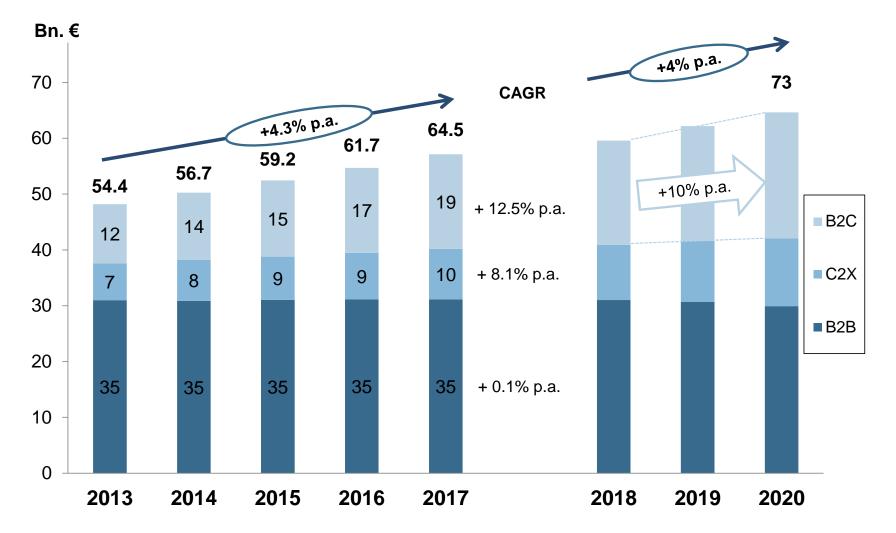
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State of Play Letter Volumes Decline across Europe



State of Play Continuous Growth in B2C Parcels





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State of Play Innovation in Delivery and Return Services



E-retailers identified as customer group, e.g. specific business accounts, fulfilment services, APIs, support and consulting services for e-retailers

Improvement of service quality (e.g. live tracking, pick-up services, recipient-controlled delivery options, investment in backbone and last mile)





Expansion of PUDO networks (parcel lockers, parcel shops)

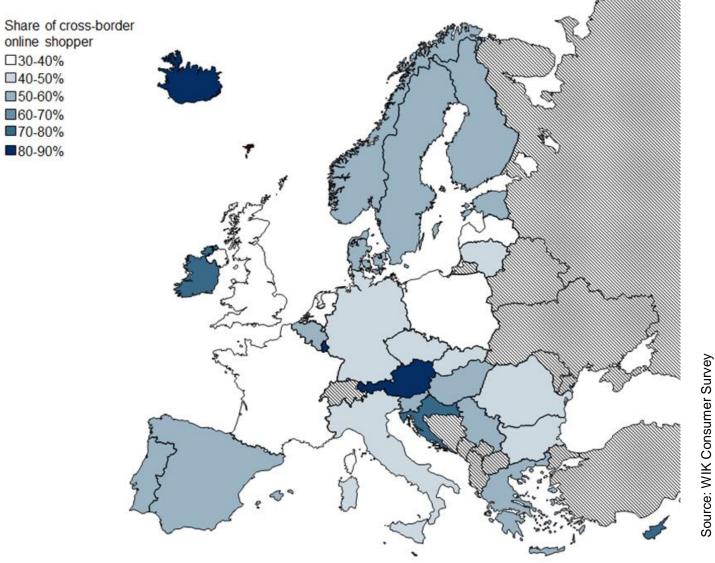
New and differentiated products for e-commerce items (e.g. tracked letter box parcels) and less complex pricing schedules and products





Introduction of cross-border return services (e.g. return platforms, carrieragnostic return labels)

Cross-border Parcels in the EU Share of E-shoppers that Buy from Abroad



Cross-border Parcels in the EU Consumers Turn to Largest Markets

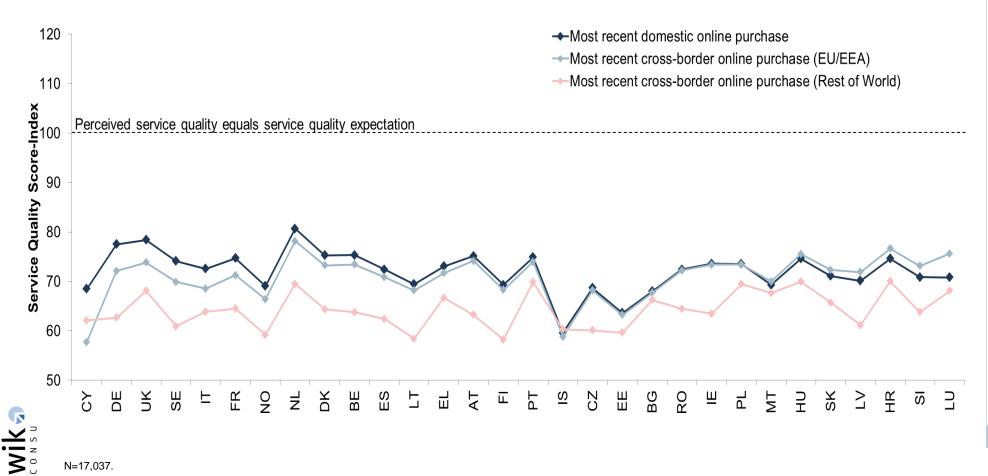
Most recent online purchase of online shoppers in							
	was ordered from a e-retailer in						
AT	DE (68%)	CN (13%)	UK (2%)	USA (2%)	NL (1%)		
BE	FR (49%)	CN (10%)	NL (8%)	DE (7%)	UK (6%)		
BG	CN (44%)	UK (17%)	DE (10%)	USA (6%)	RO (3%)		
CY	UK (39%)	CN (22%)	EL (18%)	DE (5%)	USA (4%)		
CZ	CN (67%)	UK (7%)	DE (7%)	USA (6%)	PL (1%)		
DE	CN (41%)	UK (15%)	AT (5%)	USA (5%)	ES (4%)		
DK	DE (22%)	CN (20%)	UK (15%)	SE (11%)	USA (8%)		
EE	CN (49%)	UK (14%)	DE (9%)	USA (8%)	FI (2%)		
EL	CN (31%)	UK (21%)	DE (8%)	USA (7%)	ES (5%)		
ES	CN (40%)	UK (16%)	DE (12%)	USA (6%)	FR (5%)		
FI	CN (28%)	DE (20%)	UK (12%)	SE (10%)	USA (10%)		
FR	CN (30%)	DE (15%)	UK (14%)	USA (6%)	IT (5%)		
HR	CN (53%)	UK (12%)	USA (7%)	DE (6%)	ES (2%)		
HU	CN (55%)	UK (8%)	DE (7%)	USA (5%)	SK (3%)		
IE	UK (58%)	CN (16%)	USA (6%)	DE (4%)	IT (2%)		
IS	CN (32%)	UK (17%)	USA (11%)	LV (5%)	DE (4%)		
IT	CN (29%)	UK (20%)	DE (19%)	USA (7%)	ES (4%)		
LT	CN (55%)	UK (17%)	DE (9%)	USA (4%)	PL (3%)		
LU	DE (71%)	FR (12%)	UK (5%)	CN (4%)	BE (3%)		
LV	CN (46%)	UK (16%)	DE (6%)	USA (5%)	EE (3%)		
МТ	UK (68%)	CN (18%)	DE (5%)	USA (3%)	IE (1%)		
NL	CN (36%)	DE (18%)	UK (10%)	BE (5%)	USA (4%)		
NO	CN (29%)	UK (17%)	USA (15%)	SE (10%)	DE (7%)		
PL	CN (46%)	DE (12%)	UK (8%)	USA (6%)	CZ (2%)		
PT	CN (31%)	ES (20%)	UK (17%)	DE (7%)	FR (6%)		
RO	CN (35%)	UK (17%)	DE (9%)	USA (7%)	PL (4%)		
SE	CN (24%)	DE (21%)	UK (17%)	USA (15%)	DK (4%)		
SI	CN (35%)	DE (22%)	UK (15%)	AT (4%)	USA (3%)		
SK	CN (41%)	CZ (26%)	UK (8%)	DE (7%)	HU (2%)		
UK	CN (34%)	USA (19%)	DE (5%)	IT (2%)	PL (2%)		
	CN UK DE neighbouring cou				g countries		

Source: WIK Consumer Survey



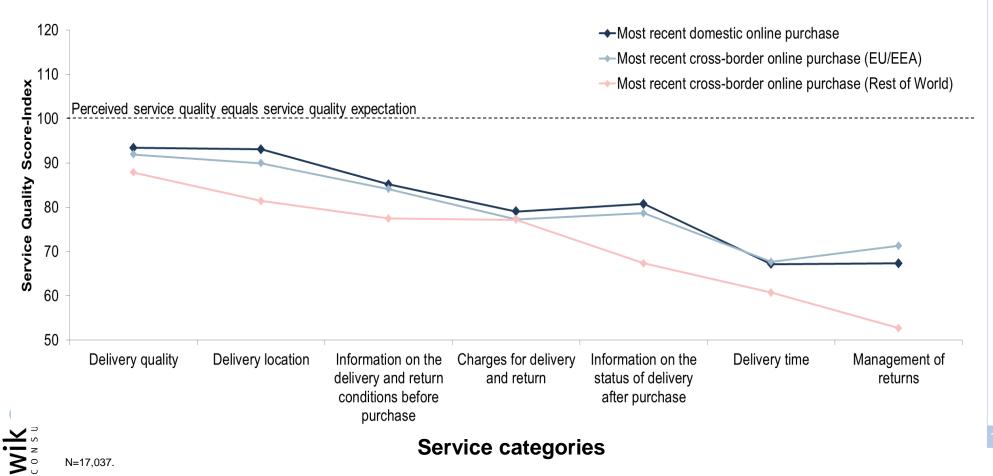
Cross-border Parcels in the EU Quality for Domestic vs Cross-border

- Nearly same levels of perceived service quality for domestic and crossborder purchases from other MSs
- Lower perceived quality for delivery from Rest of World (UPU)

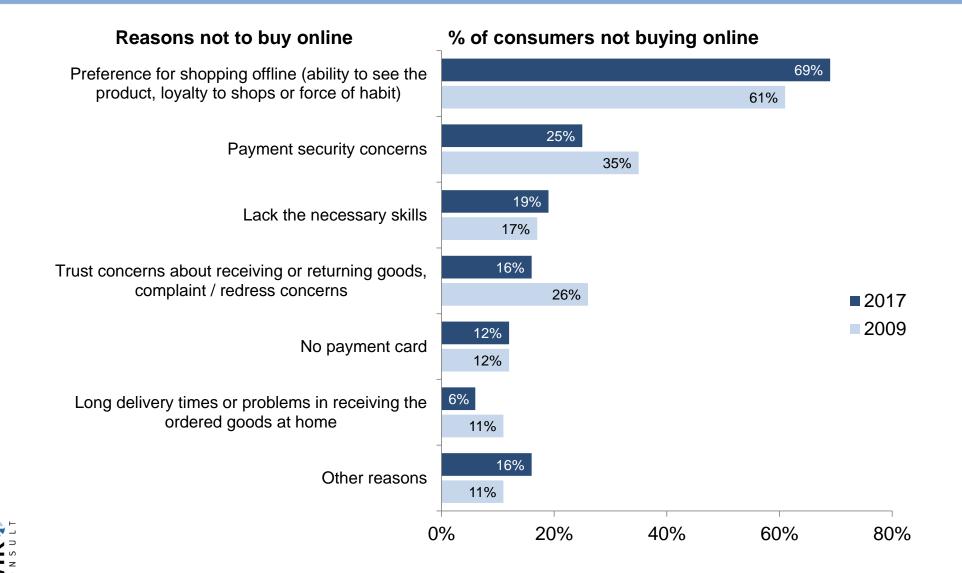


Cross-border Parcels in the EU What Consumers (not) Like About Delivery

- Perceived service quality matches expectations for categories 'Delivery quality' and 'Delivery location'
- Matters of concern: Delivery time options and management of returns



Cross-border Parcels in the EU Not All Consumers Want to Buy From Abroad



Cross-border Parcels in the EU Diversity of Carriers

Integrators

- · Focus on international express items with own operations and high quality in most countries
- Expanding e-commerce capabilities and introduce new services for smaller e-retailer

European parcel networks

- International and domestic items with own operations and partnerships at varying service levels
- Expanding their networks with partnerships and introduce more receiver-oriented delivery solutions

Regional and local B2B carriers

• Emerging and well-established domestic (B2B) networks expanding their networks to neighbouring countries and often cooperate as delivery partner with European ground parcel networks

National and local B2C carriers

• USPs and traditional B2C delivery companies from the mail order sector, typically with domestic or local delivery networks, expand their pickup point networks and introduce receiver-oriented services

Emerging business models and delivery services

 Parcel brokers and consolidators, carrier-agnostic networks of parcel shops and parcel lockers, and same-day/instant delivery networks in urban areas



Competition becomes more intense in B2C delivery markets, both domestic and crossborder

Current Policy Issues

Letters

- Manage cost / volume decline
- Upgrade operations to carry e-commerce packets & envelopes
- Resolve UPU rates issue
- EU & Member States: Reconsider USO / Discussion about Postal Directive exp. 2019/2020

Parcels

- Manage growth / increase staff
- Maintain quality
- Effective solutions for ecommerce returns
- Regulators to create transparency (implement *Parcels Regulation*)



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